

DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AND INDUSTRY SERVICES **LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS**

DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH STANDARDS — ~~AIR CONTAMINANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION~~

Filed with the Secretary of State on March 13, 2013

These rules become effective immediately upon filing with the Secretary of State unless adopted under section 33, 44, or 45a(6) of 1969 PA 306. Rules adopted under these sections become effective 7 days after filing with the Secretary of State.

(By authority conferred on the director of the department of licensing and regulatory affairs by sections 14 and 24 of 1974 PA 154, MCL 408.1014 and 408.1024; and Executive Reorganization Orders Nos. 1996-1, 1996-2, 2003-1, 2008-4, and 2011-4, MCL 330.3101, 445.2001, 445.2011, 445.2025 and 445.2030)

R 325.60151, R 325.60154, R 325.60155, R 325.60156, R 325.60157, R 325.60158, R 325.60159, R 325.60160 and R 325.60161 of the Michigan Administrative Code are amended and R 325.60151a is added to the Michigan Administrative Code as follows:

PART 601. AIR CONTAMINANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION

R 325.60151 Construction air contaminants; **scope; applicability; replacement of O.H. rules.**

Rule 1. (1) An employer shall ensure that employee exposures to inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, or contact with any material or substance at a concentration above those specified in the "Threshold Limit Values of Airborne Contaminants for 1970" of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, as listed in R 325.60154 to R 325.60161, are avoided.

(2) To achieve compliance with subrule (1) of this rule, an employer shall ensure that administrative or engineering controls are implemented whenever feasible. If administrative or engineering controls are not feasible to achieve full compliance, then protective equipment or other protective measures shall be used to keep the exposure of employees to air contaminants within the limits prescribed in this rule. Any equipment and technical measures used for this purpose shall first be approved for each particular use by a competent industrial hygienist or other technically qualified person. Respirators shall be used in a manner that is in compliance with **occupational health standard part 451 "Respiratory Protection," R 325.60051 et seq., part 451. respiratory protection, R 325.60051 to R 325.60052.**

(3) **Occupational health standard R 325.51401 et seq., part 302 "Vinyl Chloride," R 325.51401 to R 325.51414, of the MIOSHA Occupational Health Standards for General Industry** applies to the exposure of every employee to vinyl chloride in every employment and place of employment covered by these rules in place of any different standard on exposure to vinyl chloride that would otherwise be applicable by virtue of subrule (1) of this rule.

~~(4) These rules replace O.H. rule 6201.~~

(4) The "Threshold Limit Values (TLV) of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (A.C.G.I.H.) for 1970" appear in R 325.60153 to R 325.60161. The Threshold Limit Values identified in these administrative rules as Maximum Allowable Concentrations (MAC) are specified in the rules that follow.

(5) These rules do not apply to the following types of employment:

- (a) Agriculture.**
- (b) Domestic.**
- (c) Mining.**
- (d) General industry work.**

Exposure to air contaminants in general industry work is covered by occupational health standard part 301 "Air Contaminants for General Industry," R 325.51101 to R 325.51108.

~~(6) These rules replace O.H. rule 6201.~~

R 325.60151a Availability of referenced standards.

Rule 1a. The following Michigan occupational safety and health standards are referenced in these rules. Up to 5 copies of these standards may be obtained at no charge from the Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs, MIOSHA Standards Section, 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30643, Lansing, Michigan, 48909-8143 or via the internet at website: www.michigan.gov/mioshastandards. For quantities greater than 5, the cost, as of the time of adoption of these rules, is 4 cents per page.

- (a) Occupational health standard part 301 "Air Contaminants for General Industry," R 325.51101 to R 325.51108.**
- (b) Occupational health standard part 302 "Vinyl Chloride," R 325.51401 to R 325.51414.**
- (c) Occupational health standard part 303 "Methylenedianiline," R 325.50051 to R 325.50076.**
- (d) Occupational health standard part 304 "Ethylene oxide," R 325.51151 to R 325.51177.**

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- (e) Occupational health standard part 306 "Formaldehyde," R 325.51451 to R 325.51477.
- (f) Occupational health standard part 307 "Acrylonitrile," R 325.51501 to R 325.51527.
- (g) Occupational health standard part 308 "Inorganic Arsenic," R 325.51601 to R 325.51628.
- (h) Occupational health standard part 309 "Cadmium," R 325.51851 to R 325.51886.
- (i) Occupational health standard part 311 "Benzene," R 325.77101 to R 325.77115.
- (j) Occupational health standard part 312 "1,3-Butadiene," R 325.50091 to R 325.50092.
- (k) Occupational health standard part 313 "Methylene Chloride," R 325.51651 to R 325.51652.
- (l) Occupational health standard part 314 "Coke Oven Emissions," R 325.50101 to R 325.50136.
- (m) Occupational health standard part 451 "Respiratory Protection," R 325.60051 to R 325.60052.
- (n) Occupational health standard part 602 "Asbestos Standards for Construction," R 325.51301 to R 325.51302.
- (o) Occupational health standard part 603 "Lead Exposure in Construction," R 325.51991 to R 325.51992.
- (p) Occupational health standard part 604 "Chromium (VI) in Construction," R 325.51995 to R 325.51997.

R 325.60154 Maximum allowable concentrations.

Rule 4. (1) Maximum allowable concentrations of air contaminants based on a repeated 8-hour work day exposure are listed in tables 1 to 7 in R 325.60155 to R 325.60161.

(2) A substance in tables 1 to 6 that is preceded by the letter A, C, or S, or **STEL** is an especially hazardous contaminant and all the following precautions shall be taken:

(a) If the substance is preceded by the letter "A", then an employer shall ensure that an employee or any part of an employee's anatomy is not exposed to, or allowed to come in contact with, the substance by means of any respiratory, oral, or skin route.

(b) If the substance is preceded by the letter "C", then its MAC means the highest concentration at which an employer may allow a person to be exposed at any time **unless noted otherwise**. This concentration is commonly referred to as a "ceiling."

(c) If the substance is preceded by the letter "S", then an employer shall ensure that precautions are taken to prevent skin absorption.

(d) If the substance is preceded by "STEL", then it means the STEL listed. For example, an employee's 15-minute, time-weighted average exposure, shall not be exceeded at any time during a work day. The STEL is commonly referred to as the "short-term exposure limit."

R 325.60155 Maximum allowable concentrations for substances; A and B.

Rule 5. Table 1. Substances A and B

| TABLE 1 | | | |
|---------|---|------------------|-------------------|
| | Substance | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Abate | --- | 15 |
| | Acetaldehyde | 200 | 360 |
| | Acetic acid | 10 | 25 |
| | Acetic anhydride | 5 | 20 |
| | Acetone | 1,000 | 2,400 |
| | Acetonitrile | 40 | 70 |
| | Acetylene | Inert gas | |
| | Acetylene dichloride, see 1,2-Dichloroethylene | | |
| | Acetylene tetrabromide | 1 | 14 |
| | Acrolein | 0.1 | 0.25 |
| S | Acrylamide | --- | 0.3 |
| S | Acrylonitrile, see OH Part 307, R 325.51501 to R 325.51527 et seq. * | | |
| S | Aldrin | --- | 0.25 |
| S | Allyl alcohol | 2 | 5 |
| | Allyl chloride | 1 | 3 |
| C | Allyl glycidyl ether (AGE) | 10 | 45 |
| | Allyl propyl disulfide | 2 | 12 |
| | Alundum (Al ₂ O ₃) | Inert dust | |
| | 2-Aminoethanol, see Ethanolamine | | |
| | 2-Aminopyridine | 0.5 | 2 |

| | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|---------|
| | Ammonia | 50 | 35 |
| | Ammonium sulfamate (amate) | --- | 15 |
| | n-Amyl acetate | 100 | 525 |
| | sec-Amyl acetate | 125 | 650 |
| S | Aniline | 5 | 19 |
| S | Anisidine (o,p-isomers) | --- | 0.5 |
| | Antimony & compounds (as Sb) | --- | 0.5 |
| | ANTU (alpha naphthyl thiourea) | --- | 0.3 |
| | Argon | Inert gas | |
| | Arsenic, inorganic compounds, see OH Part 308 , R 325.51601 to R 325.51628 et seq.* | | |
| | Arsenic, organic compounds (as As) | --- | 0.5 |
| | Arsine | 0.05 | 0.2 |
| S | Azinphos-methyl | --- | 0.2 |
| | Barium (soluble compounds) | --- | 0.5 |
| S,C | Benzene (benzol), see OH Part 311 , R 325.77101 to R 325.77115 et seq. * | | |
| A,S | Benzidine | --- | --- |
| | p-Benzoquinone, see Quinone | | |
| | Benzoyl peroxide | --- | 5 |
| | Benzyl chloride | 1 | 5 |
| | Beryllium | --- | 0.002 |
| | Biphenyl, see Diphenyl | | |
| | Bisphenol A, see Diglycidyl ether | | |
| | Boron oxide | --- | 15 |
| | Boron tribromide | 1 | 10 |
| C | Boron trifluoride | 1 | 3 |
| | Bromine | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| | Bromine pentafluoride | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| S | Bromoform | 0.5 | 5 |
| | Butadiene (1,3-butadiene), see OH Part 312 , R 325.50091 to R 325.50092 et seq. * | | |
| | Butanethiol, see Butyl mercaptan | | |
| | 2-Butanone | 200 | 590 |
| S | 2-Butoxy ethanol (butyl cellosolve) | 50 | 240 |
| | Butyl acetate (n-butyl acetate) | 150 | 710 |
| | sec-Butyl acetate | 200 | 950 |
| | tert-Butyl acetate | 200 | 950 |
| | Butyl alcohol | 100 | 300 |
| | sec-Butyl alcohol | 150 | 450 |
| | tert-Butyl alcohol | 100 | 300 |
| S,C | Butylamine | 5 | 15 |
| S,C | tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO ₃) (as Cr+6), See OH Part 604, R 325.51995 to R 325.51997*, ** | --- | 0.1 --- |
| | n-Butyl glycidyl ether (BGE) | 50 | 270 |
| | Butyl mercaptan | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| | p-tert-Butyltoluene | 10 | 60 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

* Caution--these rules contain extensive requirements for exposure to these substances.

** If the exposure limit in 29 C.F.R. §1926.1126 (adopted by reference in OH Part 604, R 325.51995 to R 325.51997) is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is a ceiling of 0.1 mg/m³ and has an "S" notation.

Rule 6. Table 2. Substances C and D

| TABLE 2 | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Substance | | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Cadmium and cadmium compounds (metal dust and soluble salts), see OH Part 309, R 325.51851 to R 325.51886 et seq.* | | |
| C | Cadmium oxide fume (as Cd), see R 325.51851 et seq.* | | |
| | Calcium arsenate | --- | 1 |
| | Calcium carbonate | Inert dust | |
| | Calcium oxide | --- | 5 |
| | Camphor (synthetic) | 2 | --- |
| | Carbaryl (Sevin®) | --- | 5 |
| | Carbon black | --- | 3.5 |
| | Carbon dioxide | 5,000 | 9,000 |
| S | Carbon disulfide | 20 | 60 |
| | Carbon monoxide | 50 | 55 |
| S,C | Carbon tetrachloride | 10 | 65 |
| | Cellulose (paper fiber) | Inert dust | |
| S | Chlordane | --- | 0.5 |
| S | Chlorinated camphene | --- | 0.5 |
| | Chlorinated diphenyl oxide | --- | 0.5 |
| | Chlorine | 1 | 3 |
| | Chlorine dioxide | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| C | Chlorine trifluoride | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| C | Chloroacetaldehyde | 1 | 3 |
| | alpha-Chloroacetophenone (phenacylchloride) | 0.05 | 0.3 |
| | Chlorobenzene (monochlorobenzene) | 75 | 350 |
| | o-Chlorobenzylidene malononitrile (OCBM) | 0.05 | 0.4 |
| | Chlorobromomethane | 200 | 1,050 |
| | 2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene, see Chloroprene | | |
| S | Chlorodiphenyl (42% Chlorine) | --- | 1 |
| S | Chlorodiphenyl (54% Chlorine) | --- | 0.5 |
| | 1-Chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, see Epichlorohydrin | | |
| | 2-Chloroethanol, see Ethylene chlorohydrin | | |
| | Chloroethylene, see Vinyl chloride | | |
| C | Chloroform (trichloromethane) | 50 | 240 |
| | 1-Chloro-1-nitropropane | 20 | 100 |
| | Chloropicrin | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| S | Chloroprene (2-chloro-1,3-butadiene) | 25 | 90 |
| | Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO ₃) (as Cr+6) see OH Part 604, R 325.51995 to R 325.51997*, *** | --- | 0.1--- |
| | Chromium (VI) compounds, see OH Part 604, R 325.51995 to R 325.51997*, *** | | |
| | Chromium, sol. chromic & chromous salts (as Cr) | --- | 0.5 |
| | Metal & insol. Salts | --- | 1 |
| | Coal tar pitch volatiles (benzene soluble fraction: anthracene, BaP, phenanthrene, acridine, chrysene, pyrene) | --- | 0.2 |
| | Cobalt, metal fume & dust | --- | 0.1 |
| | Coke oven emissions, see OH Part 314, R 325.50101 to R 325.50136 et seq.* | | |
| | Copper fume | --- | 0.1 |
| | Dusts and mists | --- | 1 |
| | Corundum (Al ₂ O ₃) | Inert dust | |
| | Cotton dust (raw) | --- | 1 |

| | | | |
|-----|--|-------|-------|
| | Crag® herbicide | --- | 15 |
| S | Cresol (all isomers) | 5 | 22 |
| | Crotonaldehyde | 2 | 6 |
| S | Cumene | 50 | 245 |
| S | Cyanide (as CN) | --- | 5 |
| | Cyanogen | 10 | --- |
| | Cyclohexane | 300 | 1,050 |
| | Cyclohexanol | 50 | 200 |
| | Cyclohexanone | 50 | 200 |
| | Cyclohexene | 300 | 1,015 |
| | Cyclopentadiene | 75 | 200 |
| | 2,4-D | --- | 10 |
| S | DDT (Dichlorodiphenyl-trichloroethane) | --- | 1 |
| | DDVP, see Dichlorvos | | |
| S | Decaborane | 0.05 | 0.3 |
| S | Demeton® | --- | 0.1 |
| | Diacetone alcohol (4-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone) | 50 | 240 |
| | 1,2-Diainoethane, see Ethylenediamine | | |
| | Diazomethane | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| | Diborane | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| S,C | 1,2-Dibromoethane (ethylene dibromide) | 25 | 190 |
| | Dibutyl phosphate | 1 | 5 |
| | Dibutyl phthalate | --- | 5 |
| C | Dichloroacetylene | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| C | o-Dichlorobenzene | 50 | 300 |
| | p-Dichlorobenzene | 75 | 450 |
| | Dichlorodifluoromethane | 1,000 | 4,950 |
| | 1,3-Dichloro-5,5-dimethyl hydantoin | --- | 0.2 |
| | 1,1-Dichloroethane | 100 | 400 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethane | 50 | 200 |
| | 1,2-Dichloroethylene | 200 | 790 |
| S,C | Dichloroethyl ether | 15 | 90 |
| | Dichloromethane, see Methylene chloride | | |
| | Dichloromonofluoromethane | 1,000 | 4,200 |
| C | 1,1-Dichloro-1-nitroethane | 10 | 60 |
| | 1,2-Dichloropropane, see Propylene dichloride | | |
| | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | 1,000 | 7,000 |
| S | Dichlorvos (DDVP) | --- | 1 |
| S | Dieldrin | --- | 0.25 |
| | Diethylamine | 25 | 75 |
| S | Diethylamino, ethanol | 10 | 50 |
| S,C | Diethylene triamine | 10 | 42 |
| | Diethyl ether, see Ethyl ether | | |
| | Difluorodibromomethane | 100 | 860 |
| C | Diglycidyl ether (DGE) | 0.5 | 2.8 |
| | Dihydroxybenzene, see Hydroquinone | | |
| | Diisobutyl ketone | 50 | 290 |
| S | Diisopropylamine | 5 | 20 |
| | Dimethoxymethane, see Methylal | | |
| S | Dimethyl acetamide | 10 | 35 |
| | Dimethylamine | 10 | 18 |
| | Dimethylaminobenzene, see Xylidene | | |

| | | | |
|---|--|-----|-----|
| S | Dimethylaniline (N-dimethylaniline) | 5 | 25 |
| | Dimethylbenzene, see Xylene | | |
| | Dimethyl-1,2-dibromo-2,2-dichloroethylphosphate (Dibrom®) | --- | 3 |
| S | Dimethylformamide | 10 | 30 |
| | 2,6-Dimethylheptanone, see Diisobutyl ketone | | |
| S | 1,1-Dimethylhydrazine | 0.5 | 1 |
| | Dimethylphthalate | --- | 5 |
| S | Dimethylsulfate | 1 | 5 |
| S | Dinitrobenzene (all isomers) | --- | 1 |
| S | Dinitro-o-cresol | --- | 0.2 |
| S | Dinitrotoluene | --- | 1.5 |
| S | Dioxane (diethylene dioxide) | 100 | 360 |
| | Diphenyl | 0.2 | 1 |
| | Diphenyl amine | --- | 10 |
| | Diphenylmethane diisocyanate, see Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) | | |
| S | Dipropylene glycol methyl ether | 100 | 600 |
| | Di-sec, octyl phthalate (di-2-ethylhexylphthalate) | --- | 5 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

* Caution--these rules contain extensive requirements for exposure to these substances.

*** If the exposure limit in 29 C.F.R. §1926.1126 (adopted by reference in OH Part 604, R 325.51995 to R 325.51997) is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is 0.1 mg/m³ for chromic acid and chromates (Cr+6) as an 8-hour TWA.

R 325.60157 Maximum allowable concentrations for substances; E to H.

Rule 7. Table 3. Substances E to H

| TABLE 3 | | | |
|---------|--|------------------|-------------------|
| | Substance | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Emery | Inert dust | |
| S | Endosulfan (Thiodan®) | --- | 0.1 |
| S | Endrin | --- | 0.1 |
| S | Epichlorohydrin | 5 | 19 |
| S | EPN | --- | 0.5 |
| | 1,2-Epoxypropane, see Propylene oxide | | |
| | 2,3-Epoxy-1-propanol, see Glycidol | | |
| | Ethane | Inert gas | |
| | Ethanethiol, see Ethyl mercaptan | | |
| | Ethanolamine | 3 | 6 |
| S | 2-Ethoxyethanol | 200 | 740 |
| S | 2-Ethoxyethylacetate (cellosolve acetate) | 100 | 540 |
| | Ethyl acetate | 400 | 1,400 |
| S | Ethyl acrylate | 25 | 100 |
| | Ethyl alcohol (ethanol) | 1,000 | 1,900 |
| | Ethylamine | 10 | 18 |
| | Ethyl sec-amyl ketone (5-methyl-3-heptanone) | 25 | 130 |
| | Ethyl benzene | 100 | 435 |
| | Ethyl bromide | 200 | 890 |
| | Ethyl butyl ketone (3-heptanone) | 50 | 230 |
| | Ethyl chloride | 1,000 | 2,600 |
| | Ethyl ether | 400 | 1,200 |

| | | | |
|-----|--|------------|-------|
| | Ethyl formate | 100 | 300 |
| | Ethyl mercaptan | 0.5 | 1 |
| | Ethyl silicate | 100 | 850 |
| | Ethylene | Inert gas | |
| S | Ethylene chlorohydrin | 5 | 16 |
| | Ethylenediamine | 10 | 25 |
| | Ethylene dibromide, see 1,2-Dibromoethane | | |
| | Ethylene dichloride, see 1,2-Dichloroethane | | |
| S,C | Ethylene glycol dinitrate and/or Nitroglycerin | 0.2 | |
| | Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, see Methyl cellosolve acetate | | |
| S | Ethyleneimine | 0.5 | 1 |
| | Ethylene oxide, see OH Part 304, R 325.51151 to R 325.51177 et seq. * | | |
| | Ethylidene chloride, see 1,1-Dichloroethane | | |
| S | N-Ethylmorpholine | 20 | 94 |
| | Ferbam | --- | 15 |
| | Ferrovandium dust | --- | 1 |
| | Fibrous glass | Inert dust | |
| | Fluoride (as F) | --- | 2.5 |
| | Fluorine | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| | Fluorotrichloromethane | 1,000 | 5,600 |
| C | Formaldehyde, see OH Part 306, R 325.51451 to R 325.51477 et seq. * | | |
| | Formic acid | 5 | 9 |
| S | Furfural | 5 | 20 |
| | Furfuryl alcohol | 50 | 200 |
| | Gasoline (limits will be based on aromatic hydrocarbons in mixture) | | |
| | Glycerine mist | Inert mist | |
| | Glycidol (2,3-epoxy-1-propanol) | 50 | 150 |
| | Glycol monoethyl ether, see 2-Ethoxyethanol | | |
| | Graphite (synthetic) | Inert dust | |
| | Guthion®, see Azinphos-methyl | | |
| | Gypsum | Inert dust | |
| | Hafnium | --- | 0.5 |
| | Helium | Inert gas | |
| S | Heptachlor | --- | 0.5 |
| | Heptane (n-heptane) | 500 | 2,000 |
| S | Hexachloroethane | 1 | 10 |
| S | Hexachloronaphthalene | --- | 0.2 |
| | Hexane (n-hexane) | 500 | 1,800 |
| | 2-Hexanone | 100 | 410 |
| | Hexone (methyl isobutyl ketone) | 100 | 410 |
| | sec-Hexyl acetate | 50 | 300 |
| S | Hydrazine | 1 | 1.3 |
| | Hydrogen | Inert gas | |
| | Hydrogen bromide | 3 | 10 |
| C | Hydrogen chloride | 5 | 7 |
| S | Hydrogen cyanide | 10 | 11 |
| | Hydrogen fluoride | 3 | 2 |
| | Hydrogen peroxide | 1 | 1.4 |
| | Hydrogen selenide | 0.05 | 0.2 |
| | Hydrogen sulfide | 10 | 15 |
| | Hydroquinone | --- | 2 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

* Caution--these rules contain extensive requirements for exposure to these substances.

R 325.60158 Maximum allowable concentrations for substances; I to M.

Rule 8. Table 4. Substances I to M

| TABLE 4 | | | |
|---------|--|------------------|-------------------|
| | Substance | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Indene | 10 | 45 |
| | Indium and compounds (as In) | --- | 0.1 |
| C | Iodine | 0.1 | 1 |
| | Iron oxide fume | --- | 10 |
| | Iron salts, soluble (as Fe) | --- | 1 |
| | Isoamyl acetate | 100 | 525 |
| | Isoamyl alcohol | 100 | 360 |
| | Isobutyl acetate | 150 | 700 |
| | Isobutyl alcohol | 100 | 300 |
| | Isophorone | 25 | 140 |
| | Isopropyl acetate | 250 | 950 |
| | Isopropyl alcohol | 400 | 980 |
| | Isopropylamine | 5 | 12 |
| | Isopropyl ether | 500 | 2,100 |
| | Isopropyl glycidyl ether (IGE) | 50 | 240 |
| | Kaolin | Inert dust | |
| | Ketene | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| | Lead and lead compounds, see OH Part 603 , R 325.51991 to R 325.51992 et seq. * | | |
| | Limestone | Inert dust | |
| S | Lindane | --- | 0.5 |
| | Lithium hydride | --- | 0.025 |
| | L.P.G. (liquified petroleum gas) | 1,000 | 1,800 |
| | Magnesite | Inert dust | |
| | Magnesium oxide fume | 15 | |
| S | Malathion | --- | 15 |
| | Maleic anhydride | 0.25 | 1 |
| C | Manganese and compounds (as Mn) | --- | 5 |
| | Marble | Inert dust | |
| S | Mercury | --- | 0.1 |
| S | Mercury (organic compounds) | --- | 0.01 |
| | Mesityl oxide | 25 | 100 |
| | Methane | Inert gas | |
| | Methanethiol, see Methyl mercaptan | | |
| | Methoxychlor | --- | 15 |
| | 2-Methoxyethanol, see Methyl cellosolve | | |
| | Methyl acetate | 200 | 610 |
| | Methyl acetylene (propyne) | 1,000 | 1,650 |
| | Methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture (MAPP) | 1,000 | 1,800 |
| S | Methyl acrylate | 10 | 35 |
| | Methylal (dimethoxymethane) | 1,000 | 3,100 |
| | Methyl alcohol (methanol) | 200 | 260 |
| | Methylamine | 10 | 12 |

| | | | |
|-----|--|------|-------|
| | Methyl amyl alcohol, see Methyl isobutyl carbinol | | |
| | Methyl (n-amyl) ketone (2-heptanone) | 100 | 465 |
| S,C | Methyl bromide | 20 | 80 |
| | Methyl butyl ketone, see 2-Hexanone | | |
| S | Methyl cellosolve | 25 | 80 |
| S | Methyl cellosolve acetate | 25 | 120 |
| C | Methyl chloride | 100 | 210 |
| | Methyl chloroform | 350 | 1,900 |
| | Methylcyclohexane | 500 | 2,000 |
| | Methylcyclohexanol | 100 | 470 |
| S | o-Methylcyclohexanone | 100 | 460 |
| | Methylenedianiline (MDA), see OH Part 303 , R 325.50051 to R 325.50076 et seq. * | | |
| | Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK), see 2-Butanone | | |
| | Methyl formate | 100 | 250 |
| S | Methyl iodide | 5 | 28 |
| | Methyl isoamyl ketone | 100 | 475 |
| S | Methyl isobutyl carbinol | 25 | 100 |
| | Methyl isobutyl ketone, see Hexone | | |
| S | Methyl isocyanate | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| | Methyl mercaptan | 0.5 | 1 |
| | Methyl methacrylate | 100 | 410 |
| | Methyl propyl ketone, see 2-Pentanone | | |
| C | Methyl silicate | 5 | 30 |
| C | alpha-Methyl styrene | 100 | 480 |
| C | Methylene bisphenyl isocyanate (MDI) | 0.02 | 0.2 |
| | Methylene chloride (dichloromethane), see OH Part 313 , R 325.51651 to R 325.51652 et seq. * | | |
| | Molybdenum (soluble compounds) | --- | 5 |
| | (insoluble compounds) | --- | 15 |
| S | Monomethyl aniline | 2 | 9 |
| S,C | Monomethyl hydrazine | 0.2 | 0.35 |
| S | Morpholine | 20 | 70 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

STEL --- See R 325.60154(d).

* Caution--these rules contain extensive requirements for exposure to these substances.

R 325.60159 Maximum allowable concentrations for substances; N to P.

Rule 9. Table 5. Substances N to P

| TABLE 5 | | | |
|---------|---|------------------|-------------------|
| | Substance | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Naphtha (coal tar) | 100 | 400 |
| | Naphtha (petroleum) (MAC will be based on aromatic hydrocarbons in mixture) | | |
| | Naphthalene | 10 | 50 |
| A | beta-Naphthylamine | --- | |
| | Neon | Inert gas | |
| | Nickel carbonyl | 0.001 | 0.007 |
| | Nickel, metal and soluble compounds (as Ni) | --- | 1 |
| S | Nicotine | --- | 0.5 |
| | Nitric acid | 2 | 5 |
| | Nitric oxide | 25 | 30 |

| | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|-------|
| S | p-Nitroaniline | 1 | 6 |
| S | Nitrobenzene | 1 | 5 |
| S | p-Nitrochlorobenzene | --- | 1 |
| | Nitroethane | 100 | 310 |
| | Nitrogen | Inert gas | |
| | Nitrogen dioxide | 5 | 9 |
| | Nitrogen trifluoride | 10 | 29 |
| S | Nitroglycerin | 0.2 | 2 |
| | Nitromethane | 100 | 250 |
| | 1-Nitropropane | 25 | 90 |
| | 2-Nitropropane | 25 | 90 |
| S,A | N-Nitrosodimethylamine (dimethylnitrosomine) | --- | |
| S | Nitrotoluene | 5 | 30 |
| | Nitrotrichloromethane, see Chloropicrin | | |
| | Nitrous oxide | Inert gas | |
| S | Octachloronaphthalene | --- | 0.1 |
| | Octane | 400 | 1,900 |
| | Oil mist, particulate | --- | 5 |
| | Oil mist, vapor (MAC will be based on aromatic hydrocarbons in mixture) | | |
| | Osmium tetroxide | --- | 0.002 |
| | Oxalic acid | --- | 1 |
| | Oxygen difluoride | 0.05 | 0.1 |
| | Ozone | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| S | Paraquat | --- | 0.5 |
| S | Parathion | --- | 0.1 |
| | Pentaborane | 0.005 | 0.01 |
| S | Pentachloronaphthalene | --- | 0.5 |
| S | Pentachlorophenol | --- | 0.5 |
| | Pentaerythritol | Inert particulate | |
| | Pentane | 500 | 1,500 |
| | 2-Pentanone | 200 | 700 |
| | Perchloroethylene | 100 | 670 |
| | Perchloromethyl mercaptan | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| | Perchloryl fluoride | 3 | 13.5 |
| | Petroleum distillates (naphtha) (MAC will be based on aromatic hydrocarbons in mixture) | | |
| S | Phenol | 5 | 19 |
| S | p-Phenylene diamine | --- | 0.1 |
| | Phenyl ether (vapor) | 1 | 7 |
| | Phenyl ether-biphenyl mixture (vapor) | 1 | 7 |
| | Phenylethylene, see Styrene | | |
| | Phenyl glycidyl ether (PGE) | 10 | 60 |
| S | Phenylhydrazine | 5 | 22 |
| S | Phosdrin (Mevinphos®) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Phosgene (carbonyl chloride) | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| | Phosphine | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | Phosphoric acid | --- | 1 |
| | Phosphorus (yellow) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Phosphorus pentachloride | --- | 1 |
| | Phosphorus pentasulfide | --- | 1 |
| | Phosphorus trichloride | 0.5 | 3 |
| | Phthalic anhydride | 2 | 12 |
| S | Picric acid | --- | 0.1 |

| | | | |
|---|--|------------|-------|
| | Pival® (2-pivalyl-1,3-indandione) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Plaster of Paris | Inert dust | |
| | Platinum, soluble salts (as Pt) | --- | 0.002 |
| | Polytetrafluoroethylene decomposition products, see Teflon® decomposition products | | |
| | Propane | Inert gas | |
| S | Propargyl alcohol | 1 | --- |
| A | beta-Propiolactone | --- | |
| | n-Propyl acetate | 200 | 840 |
| | Propyl alcohol | 200 | 500 |
| | n-Propyl nitrate | 25 | 110 |
| | Propylene bichloride | 75 | 350 |
| S | Propylene imine | 2 | 5 |
| | Propylene oxide | 100 | 240 |
| | Propyne, see Methyl acetylene | | |
| | Pyrethrum | --- | 5 |
| | Pyridine | 5 | 15 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

R 325.60160 Maximum allowable concentrations for substances; Q to Z.

Rule 10. Table 6. Substances Q to Z

| TABLE 6 | | | |
|-----------|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Substance | | MAC/Ceiling/STEL | |
| | | ppm | mg/m ³ |
| | Quinone | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| S | RDX | --- | 1.5 |
| | Rhodium, metal fume, dusts, and insoluble compounds (as Rh) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Rhodium, soluble compounds (as Rh) | --- | 0.001 |
| | Ronnel | --- | 10 |
| | Rotenone (commercial) | --- | 5 |
| | Rouge | Inert dust | |
| | Selenium compounds (as Se) | --- | 0.2 |
| | Selenium hexafluoride | 0.05 | 0.4 |
| | Silicon carbide | Inert dust | |
| | Silver, metal and soluble compounds | --- | 0.01 |
| S | Sodium fluoroacetate (1080) | --- | 0.05 |
| | Sodium hydroxide | --- | 2 |
| | Starch | Inert dust | |
| | Stibine | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| | Stoddard solvent | 200 | 1,150 |
| | Strychnine | --- | 0.15 |
| C | Styrene monomer (phenylethylene) | 100 | 420 |
| | Sucrose | Inert dust | |
| | Sulfur dioxide | 5 | 13 |
| | Sulfur hexafluoride | 1,000 | 6,000 |
| | Sulfuric acid | --- | 1 |
| | Sulfur monochloride | 1 | 6 |
| | Sulfur pentafluoride | 0.025 | 0.25 |
| | Sulfuryl fluoride | 5 | 20 |
| | Systox, see Demeton® | | |

| | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|--------------------|
| | 2,4,5T | --- | 10 |
| | Tantalum | --- | 5 |
| S | TEDP | --- | 0.2 |
| | Teflon® decomposition products (maintain minimal air concentration) | | |
| | Tellurium | --- | 0.1 |
| | Tellurium hexafluoride | 0.02 | 0.2 |
| S | TEPP | --- | 0.05 |
| C | Terphenyls | 1 | 9 |
| | 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2,2-difluoroethane | 500 | 4,170 |
| | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 500 | 4,170 |
| S | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 5 | 35 |
| | Tetrachloroethylene, see Perchloroethylene | | |
| | Tetrachloromethane, see Carbon tetrachloride | | |
| S | Tetrachloronaphthalene | --- | 2 |
| S | Tetraethyl lead (as Pb) | --- | 0.075 ^a |
| | Tetrahydrofuran | 200 | 590 |
| S | Tetramethyl lead (TML) (as Pb) | --- | 0.150 |
| S | Tetramethyl succinonitrile | 0.5 | 3 |
| | Tetranitromethane | 1 | 8 |
| S | Tetryl (2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethyl-nitramine) | --- | 1.5 |
| S | Thallium, soluble compounds (as Tl) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Thiram | --- | 5 |
| | Tin (inorganic compounds, except SnH ₄ and SnO ₂) (organic compounds) | --- | 2 0.1 |
| | Tin oxide | Inert particulate | |
| | Titanium dioxide | Inert particulate | |
| | Toluene (toluol) | 200 | 750 |
| C | Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate | 0.02 | 0.14 |
| S | o-Toluidine | 5 | 22 |
| | Toxaphene, see Chlorinated camphene | | |
| | Tributyl phosphate | --- | 5 |
| | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, see Methyl chloroform | | |
| S | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 10 | 45 |
| | Trichloroethylene | 100 | 535 |
| | Trichloromethane, see Chloroform | | |
| S | Trichloronaphthalene | --- | 5 |
| | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 50 | 300 |
| | 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane | 1,000 | 7,600 |
| | Triethylamine | 25 | 100 |
| | Trifluoromonobromomethane | 1,000 | 6,100 |
| | Trimethyl benzene | 25 | 120 |
| | 2,4,6-Trinitrophenol, see Picric acid | | |
| | 2,4,6-Trinitrophenylmethylnitramine, see Tetryl | | |
| S | Trinitrotoluene | --- | 1.5 |
| | Triorthocresyl phosphate | --- | 0.1 |
| | Triphenyl phosphate | --- | 3 |
| | Tungsten and compounds (as W) Insoluble Soluble | --- | 5 1 |
| | Turpentine | 100 | 560 |
| | Uranium (natural) soluble & insoluble compounds (as U) | --- | 0.2 |
| C | Vanadium | --- | 0.5 |

| | | | |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| | (V ₂ O ₅ dust) (V ₂ O ₅ fume) | --- | 0.1 |
| | Vinyl benzene, see Styrene | | |
| C | Vinyl chloride, see OH Part 302 , R 325.51401 to R 325.51414 et seq. * | | |
| | Vinyl cyanide, see Acrylonitrile | | |
| | Vinyl toluene | 100 | 480 |
| | Warfarin | --- | 0.1 |
| | Xylene (xylol) | 100 | 435 |
| S | Xylidine | 5 | 25 |
| | Yttrium | --- | 1 |
| | Zinc chloride fume | --- | 1 |
| | Zinc oxide fume | --- | 5 |
| | Zirconium compounds (as Zr) | --- | 5 |

A --- See R 325.60154(2)(a).

C --- See R 325.60154(2)(b).

S --- See R 325.60154(2)(c).

STEL --- See R 325.60154(2)(d)

^a The 1970 ACGIH standard for Tetraethyl lead is 0.100 mg/m³.

* Caution--these rules contain extensive requirements for exposure to these substances.

R 325.60161 Maximum allowable concentrations for mineral dusts.

Rule 11. Table 7. Mineral dusts

| TABLE 7 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Substance | | MAC | |
| | | mppcf | mg/m ³ |
| Silica | | | |
| | Crystalline * | | |
| | Quartz (respirable) | MAC = $\frac{250}{\% \text{ SiO}_2 + 5}$ | $\frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\% \text{ SiO}_2 + 2}$ |
| | Cristobalite, see crystalline quartz | MAC same as quartz | |
| | Amorphous, including natural diatomaceous earth | 20 | $\frac{80 \text{ mg/m}^3}{\% \text{ SiO}_2}$ |
| Silicates (less than 1% crystalline silica) | | | |
| | Asbestos, all types, see OH Part 602 , Asbestos in Construction , R 325.51301 to R 325.51302 et seq. | | |
| | Mica | 20 | |
| | Portland cement | 50 | |
| | Soapstone | 20 | |
| | Talc (non-asbestiform) | 20 | |
| | Talc (fibrous), see OH Part 602 , Asbestos in Construction , R 325.51301 to R 325.51302 et seq. | | |
| | Tremolite, see OH Part 602 , Asbestos in Construction , R 325.51301 to R 325.51302 et seq. | | |
| Graphite (natural) | | 15 | |
| Inert or nuisance particles ** | | 50 of total dust less than 1% SiO ₂ (or 15 mg/m ³ , whichever is the smaller) | |

* The percentage of crystalline silica, SiO₂, in the formula is the amount determined from airborne samples.

** The following are some examples of inert or nuisance particulates when toxic impurities are not present; e.g. quartz less than 1%.

Alundum (Al_2O_3)
Calcium carbonate
Cellulose
Corundum (Al_2O_3)
Emery
Glycerine mist
Graphite (synthetic)

Gypsum
Limestone
Magnesite
Marble
Pentaerythritol
Plaster of Paris
Portland cement

Rouge
Silicon carbide
Starch
Sucrose
Tin oxide
Titanium dioxide
Vegetable oil mists (except
castor, cashew nut, or similar
irritant oils)